Western Hemisphere Vocabulary Warm Up

**Geography**

- Introduce the help sheet on analogies (to be created)

**Week 1** - Introduce with example:

study of the Earth : geography :: (the study of the ocean) : oceanography

Geography (n)– the study of the Earth
Location (n) – where a place is
Region (n)– a place with common physical or human features
Hemisphere (n) – one half of Earth

half : whole :: hemisphere : Earth
(part – whole)

**Week 2**

Place (n)– human and physical features at a specific location
Movement (v) – how people, goods, and ideas get from one place to another
Human Environment Interaction (v) – how people affect their environment and how the environment affects people
Distribute (v) – spread out over an area

Franklin County: region :: CAMS: ___location___
(classification)

**Week 3**

Latitude (n)– the distance north or south of the Equator in degrees
Longitude (n)– the distance east and west of the Prime Meridian in degrees
Parallel (n)– synonym for the lines of latitude
Meridian (n)– synonym for the lines of longitude

Recycling: Human Environment Interaction :: ___various___ : movement
(characteristic)

**Week 4**

Equator (n) – zero degrees latitude
Prime Meridian (n)– zero degrees longitude
Compass Rose (n)– a diagram of a compass showing direction
Cardinal Directions (n) – the directions of North, East, South, West

Longitude : meridian :: Latitude : ___parallel___
(synonym)
Week 5
Intermediate Directions (Ordinal Directions) (n)– intermediate directions that lie between the Cardinal Directions (ie. NE, NW, SE, SW) must be lead by North or South.
Distortion (n)– loss of accuracy
Scale (n) – a picture or model of something in proportion to the thing itself
Elevation (n) – height of land above sea level
   Equator: zero latitude :: _____Prime Meridian____: zero longitude
   (synonym)

Week 6
Rotation (v) – a complete turn – what causes night and day, 24 hours
Revolution (v) – circular journey of the Earth around the Sun – 365 ¼ days
Axis (n) – the imaginary line through Earth through the North and South Pole around which Earth turns
Orbit (n) – the path one body makes as it circles around another
   North : Cardinal Direction :: Northeast : ___intermediate directions____
   (part/whole)

Week 7
Push-pull factors (n) – a theory of migration claming that difficulties “push” people to leave their old homes, while a hope for better living conditions “pulls” them to a new country. (push away from something bad, pull towards something good)
Human Geography (n) – patterns of human activity on Earth
Migration (v) – movement of people from one country or region to another in order to make a new home.
Immigration (v)– the act of moving from one country to another to take up permanent residence
   rotation : day :: __revolution__: year
   (open for discussion – characteristic / other)

Week 8
Population Density (n) – the average number of people living within a certain area
Cultural Diffusion (v) – the movement of customs and ideas from one culture to another (we
Economy (n) – a system for producing, distributing, consuming, and owning goods, services and wealth (think money)
Culture (n) – the way of life of a people including their language, beliefs, customs, and Practices
   push : war :: pull : ___various__________

Western Hemisphere
Geography Unit Chapters 1-5
Week 9
Capitalism (n) – an economic system where private individuals or private groups of people own most businesses
Communism (n) – an economic system where the government owns all large businesses and most of the country’s land and controls all aspects of citizens’ lives
Dictatorship (n) – a country ruled by one person who has complete or absolute power (example: Cuba and North Korea)
Democracy (n) – a government that is ruled by the people

culture: people :: ___economy_________ : money
(classification or whole/part)

Week 10
Rural (n) – having to do with the countryside (rural rough red-necks, “tree” out of the “R”)
Urban (n) – having to the city and nearby towns (subways – U in subway, “skyscrapers” out of “U”)
Teacher’s choice of any other two vocabulary words that the students seem to have struggled with in this unit.

Cuba : Communism :: United States : _Democracy__________
(classification)

Week 11 – segue into Central America

countryside ; rural :: city : ___urban__________
(synonym)