Key Learning: Canada's geography, history, and mix of diverse cultures continue to influence the world today.

Unit Essential Question(s):
What is unique about Canada's geography, history, and culture?

Concept:
Physical Geography of Canada
7.1.6.B, 7.2.6.A

Concept:
History of Canada

Concept:
Culture of Canada
7.3.6.A, 7.3.6.B, 7.3.6.C

Lesson Essential Question(s):
What are the main physical geographical features of Canada? (A)

Lesson Essential Question(s):
Why were European rulers interested in Canada? (A)

Lesson Essential Question(s):
How can the influence of French culture be seen in Quebec? (A)

How has access to water, farmland, forests, and mineral resources impacted lifestyles and the economy in Canada? (A)

How did European colonization impact the indigenous people of Canada? (A)

How did European colonization impact the indigenous people of Canada? (A)

How did Canadians win control of their government without going to war? (A)

How have the indigenous people of Canada influenced culture? How has technology changed their traditional way of life? (A)

How is Canada still tied to Britain today? (A)

Throughout Canadian history, why is Quebec unique? (A)

How has immigration influenced culture in the United States? (A)

Vocabulary:
Tundra, Permafrost, Prairie, Alluvial Soil, Fossil Fuel, Aurora Borealis

Vocabulary:
Dominion, Bilingual, Tariff, Federation, Francophone, Descent, Immunity, Boomtown, Exile

Vocabulary:
Cultural Diversity, Cultural Exchange, Ethnic Group, Melting Pot, Reserve, Inuit
Key Learning: It is vital the United States maintain good relationships with other nations in the western hemisphere.

Unit Essential Question(s):
What role does the U.S. play in the western hemisphere?

Concept:
Physical Geography of the U.S
7.1.6.B, 7.2.6.A, 7.3.6.D

Concept:
U.S. Government
7.3.6.E, 5.3.6.B

Concept:
Culture in the U.S.
7.3.6.B

Lesson Essential Question(s):
How is the physical geography of the U.S. similar to other nations in the western hemisphere? (A)

What is the structure of the U.S. government? (A)

How has the U.S. been impacted by cultural diffusion from the western hemisphere? (A)

Compare and contrast the government in the U.S. with governments throughout the western hemisphere. (A)

Economically, how does the United States depend on other nations in the western hemisphere? (A)

Vocabulary:

Additional Information:
www.theweek.com - current events

Attached Document(s): Analyzing Perspectives, Cause and Effect, Compare Contrast Summary
Topic: E: Canada
Subject(s): Social Studies

Concept
Current Issues in Canada

Lesson Essential Question(s):
- Why do many French Canadians want Quebec to be an independent country? (A)
- How is Canada affected by pollution? (A)
- What role might the fishing industry play in the economy of the Atlantic provinces in the future? (A)
- Why is it important to maintain good relations between the United States and Canada? (A)

Vocabulary:
- Federation, Quiet Revolution, Separatist, Acid Rain, Maritime, Aquaculture

Additional Information:
- Text - 6 (all), 7.4, 7.5, 8.1, 8.3, 10 (all),
- http://worldhistorymatters.org/ - Primary sources from World History
- http://www.nytimeshistory.com/ - Primary sources
- http://www.thebritishcanadian.com/ - British Canadian newspaper

Attached Document(s):
- Analyzing Perspectives
- Analysis of primary sources - graphic organizer
- Cause and Effect
- Analysis Tool for Political Cartoons - graphic organizer
- Frayer Diagrams
- Vocabulary Warm-Ups - Canada
Western Hemisphere Vocabulary Warm-up
Canada

Week 1
Chapter 6
tundra (n) - a cold, dry region covered with snow for more than half the year
permafrost (n) - a permanently frozen layer of ground below the top layer of soil
prairie (n) - a region of flat or rolling land covered with grasses
alluvial soil (n) - fertile topsoil left by a river, especially after a flood

hydroelectric : water :: solar electricity : sun
(function/object)

Week 2
province (n) - a political division of land in Canada
agribusiness (n) - a large company that runs huge farms
fossil fuel (n) - a fuel formed over millions of years from animal and plant remains
acid rain (n) (Chpt 7.4 & 5) - rain containing acids that are harmful to plants and trees

frozen : permafrost :: fertile : alluvial soil
(definition)

Week 3
Chapter 7.4 & 7.5 - 193)
dominion (n) - a self-governing area subject to Great Britain
bilingual (adj) - able to speak two languages
tariff (n) - a fee charged on imported goods
free trade (n) - trade without taxes on imported goods

state : United States :: province : Canada
(classification - part to whole)

Week 4
cultural diversity (n) - a variety of cultures
cultural exchange (n) - the process by which different cultures share ideas and ways of doing things
(Chapter 8.1 & 8.3 (p 214)
ethnic group (n) - a group of people who share a common language, history, and culture
melting pot (n) - a country in which many cultures blend together to form a single culture
(reserve (n) - an area of land set aside by the government ~ definition not used)

tariff : tax on imported goods :: free trade : no tax on imported goods
(definition)
Week 5
Chapter 10
federation (n) — a union of states, groups, provinces, or nations
Francophone (n) — a person who speaks French as his or her first language
Quiet Revolution (n) — a peaceful change in the government of Quebec
separatist (n) — a person who wants Quebec to become an independent country

ethnic group : common or same culture :: melting pot : ______blended culture____
(characteristic)

Week 6
descent (n) — a person’s ancestry
immunity (n) — a natural resistance to disease
boomtown (n) — a settlement that springs up quickly to serve the needs of miners
exile (v) — to force someone to leave his or her native land or home

federation : ______Canada____ :: states : USA
(part/whole, classification?)

Week 7
maritime (adj) — having to do with navigation or shipping on the sea
aquaculture (n) — the cultivation of fish or water plants
aurora borealis (n) — the colorful bands of light that can be seen in the skies of the Northern Hemisphere
miners : boomtown :: ______exile____ :: refugee
(place / people)

Inuktitut (n) — the native language of the Inuit

First one for USA unit...
agriculture : land :: ______aquaculture____ : sea
(classification)